The invention relates to chemistry and biotechnology, in particular to the synthesis of a new coordinative compound of cobalt(III) and a process for cultivation of *Porphyridium cruentum* microalga with the use thereof.

According to the invention, a coordinative compound – bis(dimethylglyoximato)chloro(isonicotinoylhydrazone-2-hydroxy-1-naphthaldehyde)cobalt(III) is claimed.

It is also claimed a process for cultivation of *Porphyridium cruentum* microalga, consisting in that microalga is cultivated on a nutrient medium, comprising in g/L: NaNO $_3$  - 5,0; NaCl - 7,0; KCl - 7,5; MgSO $_4$ ·7H $_2$ O - 1,8; Ca(NO $_3$ ) $_2$ ·4H $_2$ O - 0,15; KBr - 0,05; KI - 0,05; K $_2$ HPO $_4$  - 0,2; FeCl $_3$ ·6H $_2$ O - 0,00027; ZnSO $_4$ ·5H $_2$ O - 0,00005; MnSO $_4$ ·5H $_2$ O - 0,0003; H $_3$ BO $_3$  - 0,0006; MoO $_3$  - 0,00002; NaVO $_3$  - 0,00005; bis(dimethylglyoximato)chloro(isonicotinoyl-hydrazone-2-hydroxy-1-naphthaldehyde)cobalt(III) compound - 0,010...0,014 g/L and distilled water up to 1 L, having a pH of 6.8...7.2; at the temperature of 23...25°C and the lighting of 2000...3000 lx/cm $^2$ .

The result is to increase the amount of lipids and eicosapentaenoic acid in the absolutely dry biomass of microalga.

Claims: 2