

The invention refers to medicine, particularly to the infectious diseases and can be used for diagnosing the viral hepatitis B.

The method for diagnosing the viral hepatitis B to babies of up to one year consists in sampling 5 ml of blood from the mother and the baby, determining to the baby presence of *anti-HBcor sum*, *AgHBs*, *anti-HBcor IgM* markers and to the mother of *anti-HBcor sum* marker and where to the baby is determined the *anti-HBcor sum* marker and is not determined the *AgHBs* and *anti-HBcor IgM* markers, and to the mother is determined the *anti-HBcor sum* – it is diagnosed that the baby is not infected with the viral hepatitis B, and where to the baby is determined the *anti-HBcor sum* marker and is not determined the *AgHBs* and *anti-HBcor IgM* markers and to the mother is not determined the *anti-HBcor sum* marker – to the baby is diagnosed the viral hepatitis B.

Claims: 1